



An Introduction to the National Blend of Global Models Project

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Co-Authors: Jeff Craven, Dave Novak, Tom Hamill, Jim Sieveking, and David Ruth Many additional contributors

Overview

- Introduction
- Project Goals & Scope
- Activities and Progress
- Schedule
- Summary of Issues and Challenges
- How VLab is being used

The Growing Challenge: Consistency

<u>Issue</u>: Local forecast offices work primarily to serve local user requirements.

How are state, regional, and national needs being addressed?

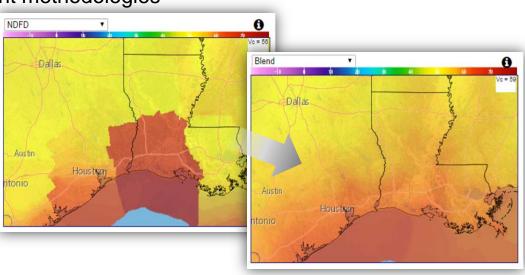
Consequence: Inconsistencies across CWA or Regional lines can lead to challenges for Impact-based Decision Support Services on the state, regional & national scale.

What do our partners think when they see sharp changes in our forecast grids?

It impacts their confidence in our forecasts

Need: To develop nationally consistent methodologies





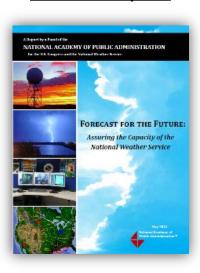
Origins of the National Blend

REASONING

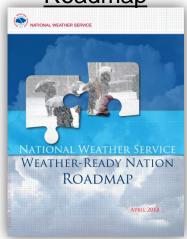
Local / Regional
Model Blend Initiatives



NAPA Report



WRN Roadmap



FUNDING



Sandy Supplemental
JPSS Gap Mitigation:
projects that make better
use of existing model data

The National Blend Project Team

- Former Technical Advisor Stephen Lord (ret. as of Jan 3)
- Project Manager Kathryn Gilbert
- Deputy Project Manager David Myrick
- Plenary Team: NWS HQ, NCEP, NWS Regions, NWSEO, OAR/ESRL

Project 'Working Level' Teams:

- Analysis and Verification
- Post Processing
- Testing and Training
- Dissemination
- Outreach

Over 70 contributors on this one project!



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Project Goals & Requirements

Objective:

 Improve quality and consistency of the NWS National Digital Forecast

Project Goals

- Through an integrated and structured approach:
 - Develop a set of foundational gridded guidance products for National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD) weather elements based on NWS and non-NWS model information
 - Create a methodology for a national blend ("best") product from multiple models, beginning with the Day 3 - 8 time frame and extensible to a full set of deterministic and probabilistic products covering days 1-10

Project Requirements:

- NWS Enterprise Solution
 - Nationally uniform product, with spatial and temporal consistency
 - Extensible methodologies (models, elements, lead times...)
- Meet R2O criteria
 - Implementable and Sustainable
- No degradation of service

The National Blend Project

What this **IS**:

- Recognition of the need to get the most out of the data we have and use it to improve consistency in our products on a state, regional, and national scale
- A scientifically sound approach to extract consistent weather information from all models, especially ensembles

What this *IS NOT*:

- A way to reduce NWS staff
- A way to remove the human completely from grid editing

Project Development Scope

National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD) elements will be part of the National Blend package

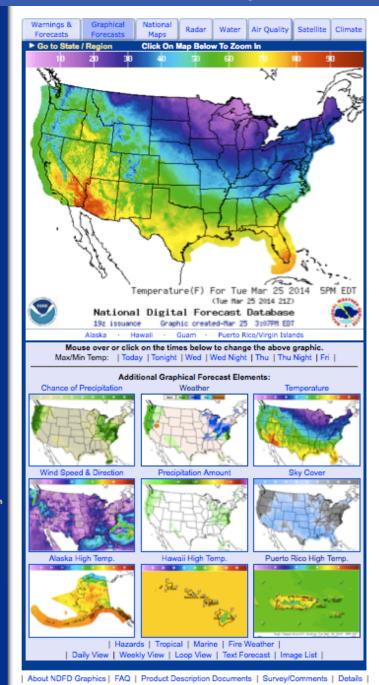
Version 1, December 2015 weather elements:

- 2-m Temperature
- 2-m Dewpoint
- Daytime Max T and Nighttime Min T
- Sky Cover (%)
- 10-m Wind speed/direction
- 12-h Probability of Precipitation (%)

Version 2, FY16Q3, adds:

- Snowfall Amount
- QPF
- Wind Gusts
- Precipitation Type
- Predominant Weather

Derive where it makes sense to ensure consistency, efficiency: i.e. Relative Humidity, Apparent Temperature

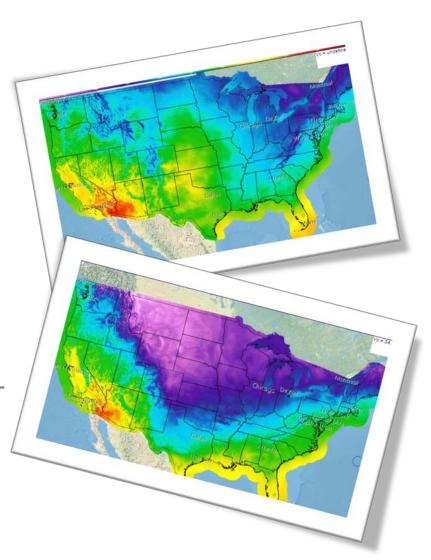


Project Development Scope (cont.)

Products will be generated on NOAA's Weather and Climate Operational Supercomputer System (WCOSS)

Initial efforts focused on blending global models

- Global Model inputs
 - ECMWF, ECMWF Ensembles
 - GFS, GFS Ensembles
 - CMC Ensembles
 - CMC, FNMOC NAVGEM, UKMET

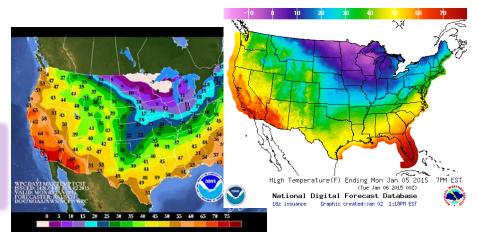


The National Blend Plan

Objective blended products will be generated on WCOSS from calibrated postprocessed model output

- Two cycles per day (0000 and 1200 UTC)
- Initially limited to Deterministic and Ensemble Global models
- Disseminated to NCEP Centers and WFOs
- Weather Prediction Center (WPC) will provide oversight of the National Blend for Days 3-8 to ensure meteorological and spatial consistency
- WFOs will receive both objective (WCOSS-generated) and WPC (edited) grids
- WFOs retain the final gridded forecast responsibility for the full Day 1 8 period to populate NDFD.

Example: WPC and NDFD Day 3 Max T



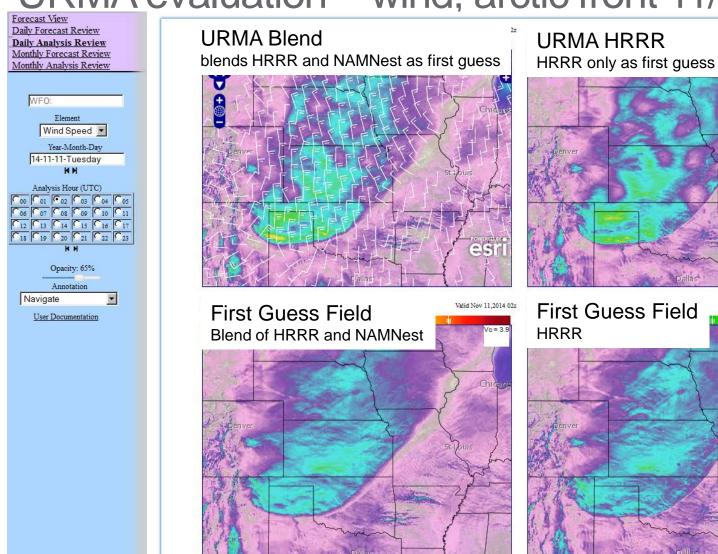
Activities & Progress

Analysis and Verification – David Ruth, NWS/MDL

- MDL developed a viewer to compare performance of candidate analyses and prototype blends in real-time with NDFD
- The team reviewed candidate analysis packages, identifying strengths and weaknesses
- Real-Time Mesoscale Analysis (RTMA)/UnRestricted Mesoscale Analysis (URMA) identified as the best candidate analysis for verification and post-processing:
 - Running centrally on WCOSS
 - Covering all NDFD domains
 - Validated products for most NDFD elements
 - Goal: Improve the RTMA/URMA to be the "Analysis of Record"
- The viewer enabled enhanced NWS field participation in a recent parallel URMA evaluation (RTMA/URMA upgrade scheduled for March 2015)

Comparison Viewer

URMA evaluation - wind, arctic front 11/11/2014

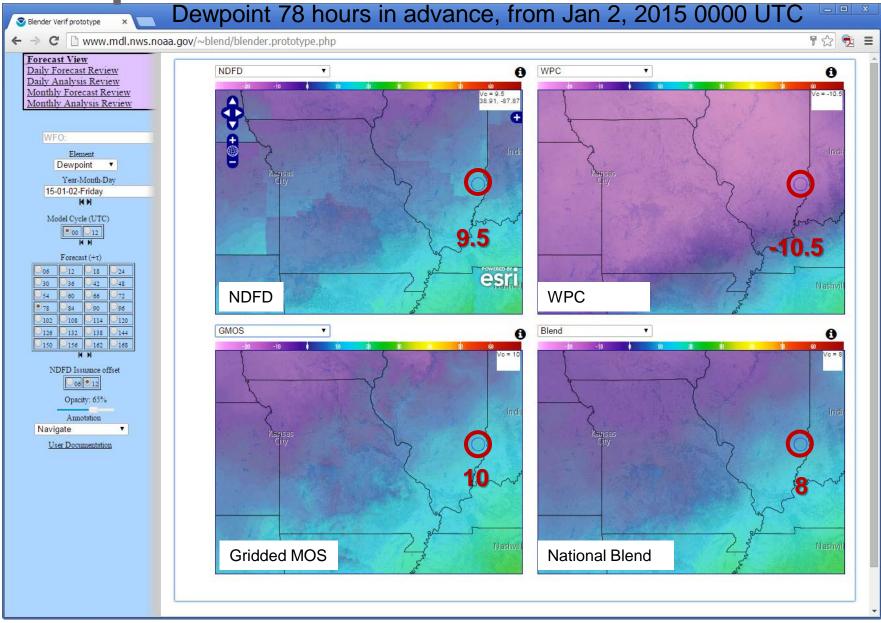


Activities & Progress (cont.)

Post-Processing – Tom Hamill, OAR/ESRL/PSD

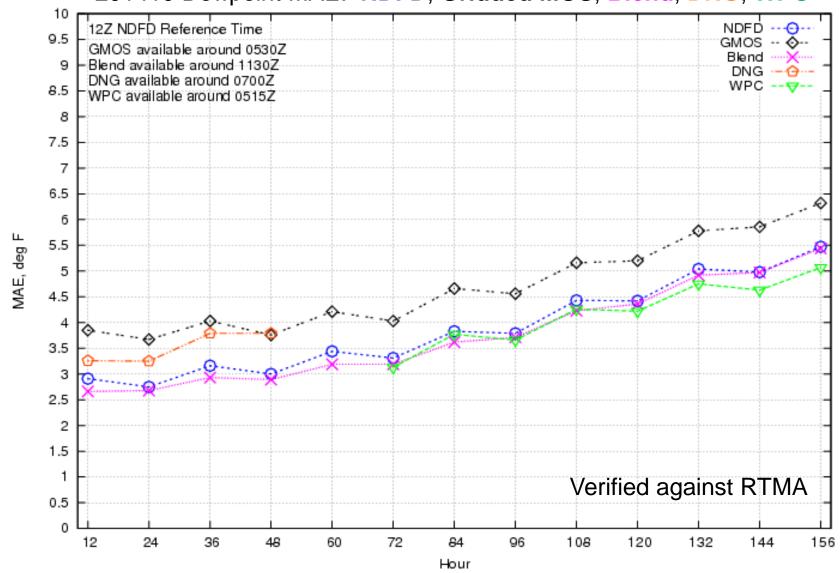
- NWS and OAR scientists conducted sample-size studies, results used for white paper recommendations on reforecasts and reanalyses (http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/psd/people/tom.hamill/White-paper-reforecast-configuration.pdf)
- Team conducted comparisons of methods for post-processing (OAR, EMC, MDL)
- OAR/PSD developing calibrated precipitation guidance (lead: Tom Hamill)
 - 12-h PoP code handed over to MDL in September
 - CDF-based bias correction using past 60 days
 - Statistically downscale find past coarse-resolution precipitation analyses most similar to today's forecast, differences applied to each member to increase resolution
 - Compute probability from ensemble relative frequency
- MDL developing non-precipitation guidance (lead: Bruce Veenhuis)
 - Temperature and Dewpoint now ready for limited evaluation
 - Statistically post-processed at observing sights
 - Downscaled to NDFD grids
 - Bias-corrected to the RTMA/URMA
 - Blended using MAE-based weights, trained on ~ 20 days

Comparison Viewer – National Blend



Early Verification of the National Blend

201410 Dewpoint MAE: NDFD, Gridded MOS, Blend, DNG, WPC

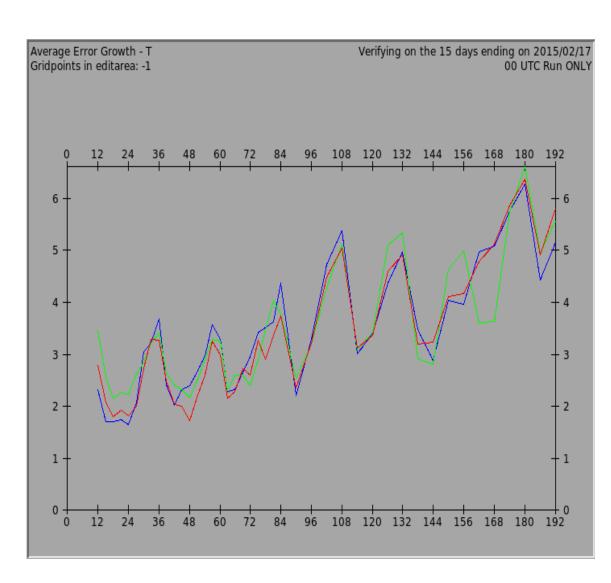


Temperature MAE – MKE CWA – Feb. 2-17, 2015

NBM
Official
SuperBlend

Verified against CONSOBS

Stats courtesy: Jerry Wiedenfeld, WFO MKE

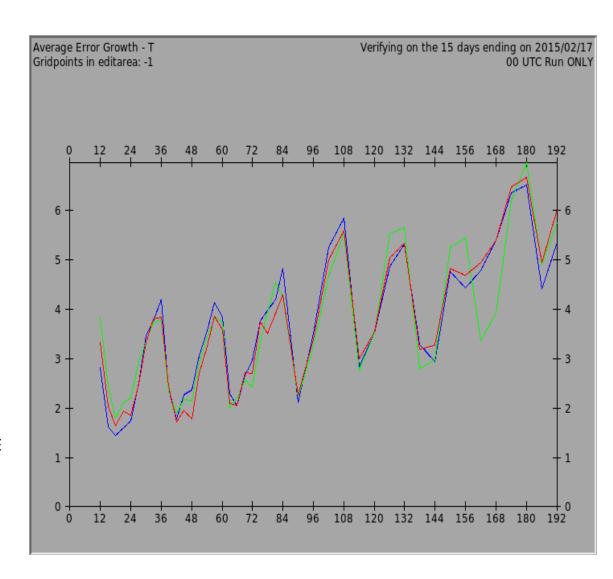


Temperature MAE – MKE CWA – Feb. 2-17, 2015

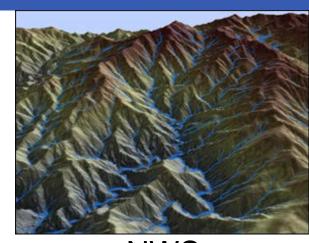
NBM
Official
SuperBlend

Verified against Operational RTMA

Stats courtesy: Jerry Wiedenfeld, WFO MKE



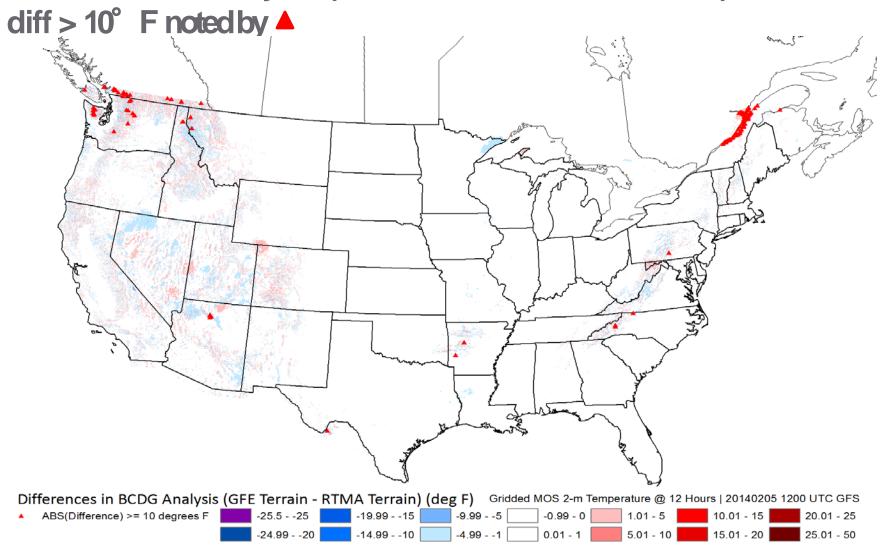
Consistency! NWS Standard Terrain



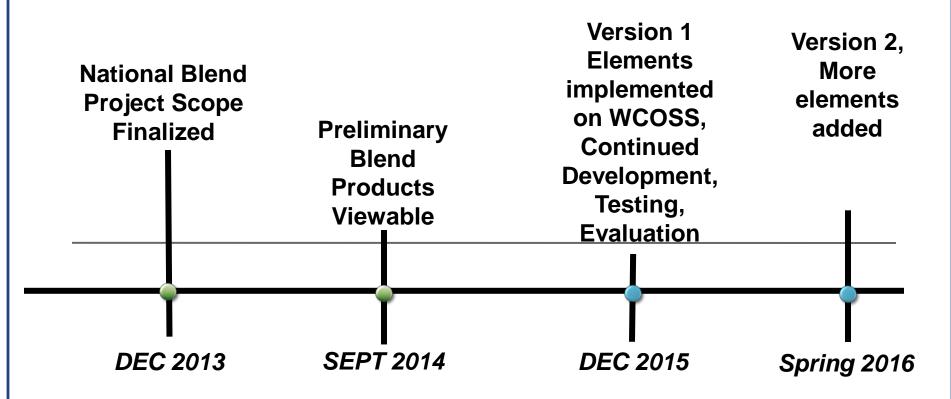
- Identified and documented the need for a common NWS terrain – credit to Brian Miretzky, Eastern Region
- NWS development groups such as those responsible for statistical post-processing and those responsible for the analysis will downscale to the same terrain in use by the WFOs.
 - Recommendation made to use GMTED2010
 - Expected to be in place at NWS by September 2015

Example: Gridded MOS 2-m Temperature

differences in analysis (WFO terrain – RTMA terrain)

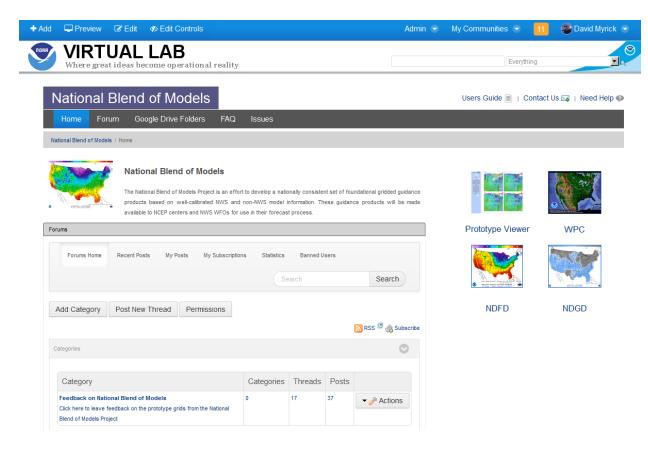


Project Milestones and Timeline



NBM – VLab Community

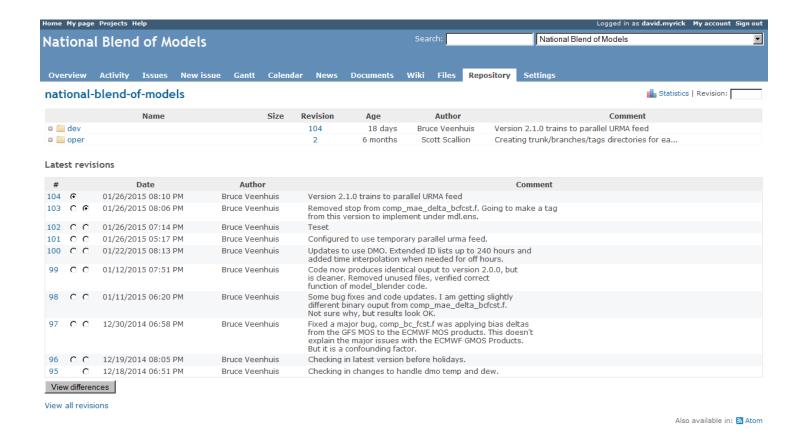
- Open community
- Links to project folders on Google Drive and Outreach Google Site
- Forum created to share feedback with NBM development team (acts as a list-serve)
- Feedback emails post directly to the Forum



national.blend.feedback@noaa.gov

NBM – Use of VLab Development Services

- Subversion repository used for code management
- Issues tracking used by developers to track issues



Summary of Issues & Challenges

Issues

- Clarify dissemination restrictions on products developed with ECMWF model data
 - NWS and ECMWF have approved a Cooperative Agreement
 - Implementing Arrangements need to be vetted.
- Need nationally consistent foundational datasets: terrain, land/water masks, observation analyses
- Analysis of Record is a work in progress

Challenges

- Lack of High Performance Computing and human resources to generate sufficient reanalysis and reforecast samples from numerical models to provide representative samples for statistical calibration
- Not fully known how to properly blend or bias correct all needed weather variables
- High bar for success in place with blending capabilities already at WPC and WFOs



Thank You

