Photo Credit: Mike Olbinski

Dust Detection Network --- Update

Ken Waters Warning Coordination Meteorologist National Weather Service, Phoenix

Dan Leins Science Operations Officer National Weather Service, Tucson

Mar. 21, 2016 Dust Storm Workshop Coolidge-Casa Grande, AZ

Dust Storm Classification: #1

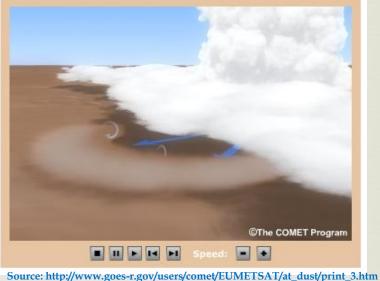
Gust-Front Dust Cloud (Haboob) Moving Across the Llano Estacado Toward Yellow House Canyon, Texas 18 Jun 2009

- - (1) Large-scale monsoonal "haboob" dust storms

 - Caused by strong outflow winds out of decaying severe thunderstorms that radiate outward from the storm
 - A Threat area: primarily southern half of AZ, southeastern CA, southwest NM
 - ← Fetch (track) as long as 300 miles!
 - Movement typically 40 mph

 - Most extreme examples can be 5,000 8,000 feet in height





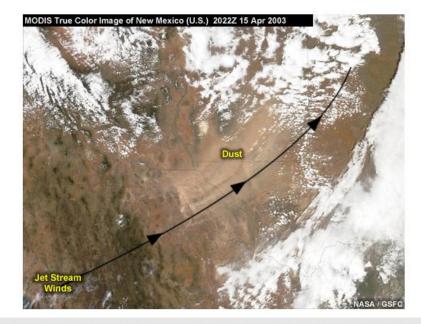
Dust Storm Classification: #2

- Commonly seen types in Arizona:
 - Synoptic (e.g. large frontal/pressure systems)
 - Most typical January-April
 - Widespread high winds of 25-50 mph
 - Caused by strong pressure gradient associated with winter cold front systems (can be pre-frontal or postfrontal)

 - A Threat area is region-wide but especially northern regions such as NE AZ [Navajo country and along I-40]

American Southwest Example

Postfrontal dust storms are also common across the American southwest. This MODIS true colour image shows one that originated in northern Mexico and western Texas. A jet maximum had rounded the base of an upper-level trough, transporting momentum and therefore strong winds to the surface.



Source: http://www.goes-r.gov/users/comet/EUMETSAT/at_dust/print_3.htm

Dust Storm Classification: #3



Dust Storm Warning and Dissemination Process

- Warnings/Advisories:
 - Oust Storm Warnings issued by NWS offices using AWIPS

 - Issued by "public zones" --- no capability to issue targeted warnings based on the threat
 - Based on forecast methodologies but also more on observations from volunteer spotters
 - **Blowing Dust Advisories**

 - Not used for situations where extremely low visibility (< 1/8 mile) is expected
 - Similar to a "Watch" where we can indicate conditions may be likely for blowing dust over a large area



WWUS75 KTWC 042344 NPWTWC

URGENT - WEATHER MESSAGE

NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE TUCSON AZ 444 PM NST NON JUL 4 2011 AZ2502-504>506-050745- /O.HEN.KINC.DS.W.0003.110706T2300Z-110707T0100Z/ TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION-TUCSON METRO AREA-SOUTH CHITRAL PINAL COUNTY-SOUTHEAST PINAL COUNTY- INCLUDING THE CITIES OF...MARANA...PICACHO PEAK STATE PARK 444 PM MST MON JUL 4 2011

..DUST STORM WARNING IN EFFECT FROM 4 PM TO 6 PM MST WEDNESDAY..

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE IN TUCSON HAS ISSUED A DUST STORM WARNING...WHICH IS IN EFFECT FROM 4 PM TO 6 PM MST WEDNESDAY.

* TIMING...STRONG OUTFLOW WINDS FROM THUNDERSTORMS MOVING THROUGH EASTERN PIMA COUNTY WILL CONTINUE WEST INTO THE TOHONO OODHAM NATION AND NORTHWEST THROUGH PINAL COUNTY.

* WINDS...EAST GUSTS OF 30 TO 50 MPH.

* VISIBILITY...WILL BRIEFLY BE DOWN TO LESS THAN ONE-QUARTER OF A MILE.

* IMPACTS...MOTORISTS SHOULD BE PREPARED TO QUICKLY CHANGING CONDITIONS IN BLOWING DUST. PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

A DUST STORM WARNING MEANS SEVERELY LIMITED VISIBILITIES ARE EXPECTED WITH BLOCHING DUST. BLOWING DUST CAN QUICKLY REDUCE VISIBILITY...CAUSING ACCIDENTS THAT MAY INVOLVE CHAIN COLLISIONS AND MULTIPLE PILEUPS. IF DENSE DUST IS OBSERVED BLOWING ACROSS OR APPROACHING A ROADWAY...PULL YOUR VEHICLE OFF THE PAVEMENT AS FAR AS POSSIBLE TO STOP. TURN OFF THE LIGHTS...SET THE EMERGENCY BRAKE...AND TAKE YOUR FOOT OFF OF THE BRAKE PEDAL TO ENSURE BRAKE LIGHTS ARE NOT LIUMINATED.

STAY TUNED TO NOAA WEATHER RADIO...COMMERCIAL RADIO OR TELEVISION STATIONS...OR YOUR CABLE TELEVISION PROVIDER FOR LATER STATEMENTS CONCERNING THIS DUST STORM.

Dust Storm Warning and Dissemination Process

R Dissemination

- CS Emergency Alert System [EAS]
 - Goes to media, emergency managers, and other partners
- Internet sites (NWS, weather partners, etc.)
- Wireless Emergency Alerts [WEA]
 - New program established in 2012
 Includes Tornado warnings, Flash Flood warnings
 - R Very strong public reach as most smartphones are alerted
 - One drawback: because of use of public zones it often has an overreach
 - CR Consumer guide at

WWUS75 KTWC 042344 NPWTWC

URGENT - WEATHER MESSAGE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE TUCSON AZ 444 PM MST MON JUL 4 2011 AZZ502-504/506-050745- /O.NEW.KTWC.DS.W.0003.110706T2300Z-110707T0100Z/ TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION-TUCSON METRO AREA-SOUTH CENTRAL PINAL COUNTY-SOUTHEAST PINAL COUNTY- INCLUDING THE CITIES OF...MARANA...PICACHO PEAK STATE PARK 444 PM MST MON JUL 4 2011

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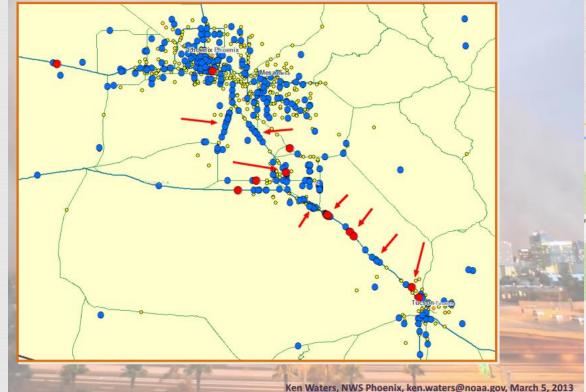
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RADIO OR TELEVISION STATIONS...OR YOUR CONCERNING THIS DUST STORM.

🛯 Motivation

 Paucity of realtime observations along common dust storm corridor in Pinal County

GIS study (http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/psr/dus t/2013/presentations/Waters_Accide nt_Analysis.pdf) showed common accident locations **Problem Area Identification**



Mission:

	GOALS:
Desi moi	 Inexpensive Use new technologies newly available Designed to be a discrete [dust or no dust?] indicator rather than a precise scientific
Fills in t curr scient evei	 4) Use available Internet and power thus

st in

te

Two Primary Functions

Allow regular monitoring of particulate values for each of the sensors; prepare graphs to view the data. Monitor conditions in real-time and issue alerts in the event dust storm conditions are detected.

🛯 Motivation

Take advantage of new low-cost technologies (e.g., Internet of Things [IoT])
Arduino
Raspberry Pi
Air particulate

sensors





Arduino: cost \$35

Cost: \$35

SHINYEI Dust Sensor PPD42NS



Installation

☞ Find sites with available power + Internet access [either Ethernet or WiFi]

- Refer fairly secure location not likely to be tampered with
- Mechanically secure the box so that high winds will not disrupt it





R History

2013: home-grov experimentation collecting particulate data captured first fe dust storm even

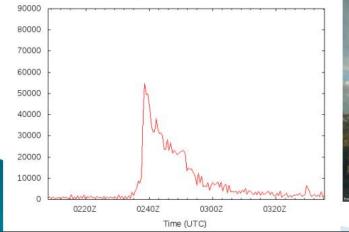
July 3rd

Classic monsoon severe microburst outflow signature





✓ 2014: Haboob event captured





R History

☑ 2013: First sensor deployed to collect data

- 2015: Built website to store data, sensor status; began to add additional field sensors.
- 2015: Developed valuable partnership with Pinal County Sheriff's Office to find suitable locations for sensors to be hosted.
- 2016: Network built out to include 9 operational sensor packages

Dust Storm Detection Network Website

ন্থ URL: <u>http://monsoonsafety.org/dust/</u>

**** EXPERIMENTAL ****

Dust Detection Network

For information about this service please contact Ken Waters, NWS Phoenix

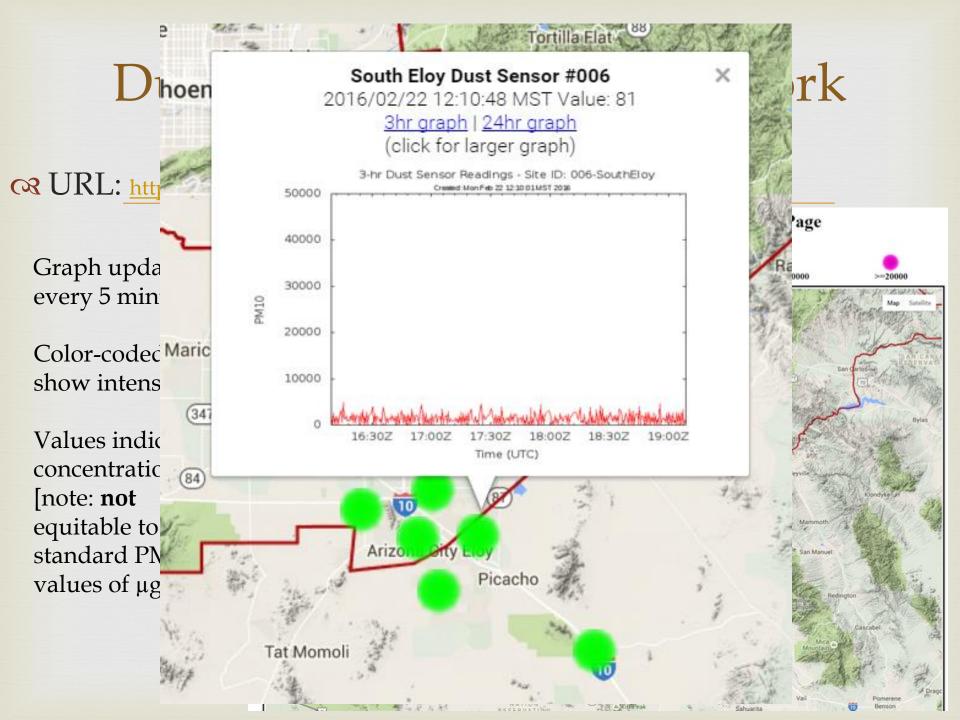
Sensor Map of Live Data

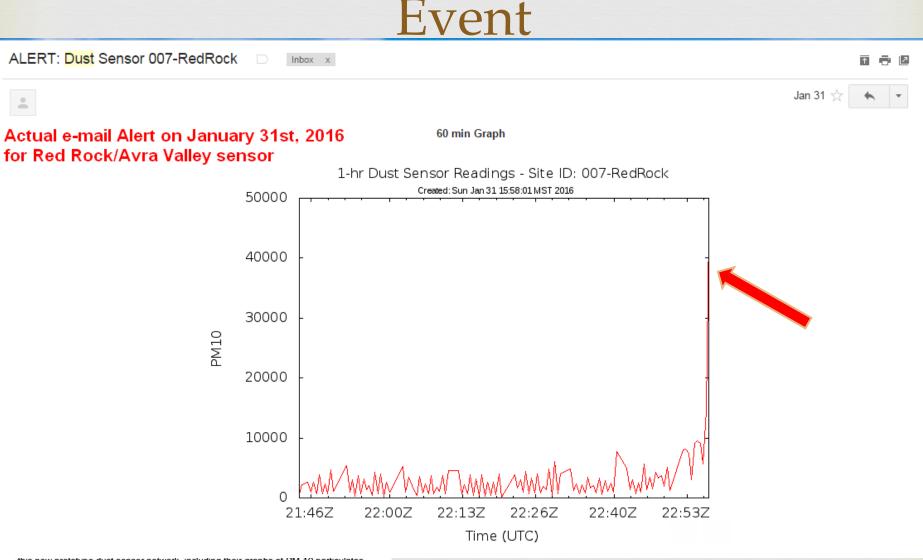
New Data Display

Current Status of Sensors

2015 AMS Presentation (pptx)

2015 AMS Presentation (pdf)





Maintenance

Reference required so far --- although we're still learning

- Real Have had one deployed sensor with sudden high noise level beginning in early March
 - ☑ Did a site visit and determined that it may be due to an issue with the Raspberry Pi
 - Returned the package to NWS and ordered replacement to be tested and redeployed

Dust Detection Network

ম Future:

- Tweak alerting algorithm
- Expand network of responders receiving the alerts
- Possibly deploy 1-4 more carefully placed sensors

Goals:

- R Place sensors upwind from trouble spot if possible
- Deploy Raspberry Pi webcams (3 are in stock) to capture images on a few of the sensors



Questions? Resources

🛯 Ken Waters

- Reference E-Mail: <u>ken.waters@noaa.gov</u>
- 础 Twitter: @wxphx



RESOURCES:

Arizona Dust Storm Workshops: http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/psr/dust/

Dust Detection Network: http://monsoonsafety.org/dust/

🗷 Dan Leins

- Re-Mail: daniel.leins@noaa.gov
- ₢ Office: 520-670-5156, x224



